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Credivalores at-a-glance

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Largest non-bank financial institution in Colombia for consumer lending to mid-to-low income population not served by traditional banks in small and intermediate cities

Robust origination capabilities. Proven expertise in the financial sector in Colombia having disbursed over US\$2.8 billion throughout the past 15 years of operations.

Considerable portfolio size of US\$429 million.

Broad geographic footprint. 101 branches and POS in retail locations; 120 customer centers across the country in alliance with national telecom companies

Sizable exclusive sales force. More than 610 sales representatives and 1,016 external advisors.

Strong Capitalization. US\$90 million total equity.

Long-lasting partnerships with employers, utility companies, insurance companies and retailers granting us access to 7.6 million potential clients and 20,000 points of collection across the country.







Overview of Product Portfolio

(as of September 30, 2019)	tucrédito cv Payroll loans	crediuno Credit Cards	credi-póliza Insurance Financing
Managed portfolio (1) Thousand Million COP	\$910 US\$262 mm	\$505 US\$145 mm	\$7 US\$20 mm
% of managed portfolio	61.1%	33.9%	4.7%
Average loan size Million COP	\$15,9 US\$4,559	\$2.6 US\$743	\$4.9 US\$1,412
Average term at origination	III months	18 months	9 months
Number of clients ⁽³⁾	75,423	585,086	35,605
Average rate charged(4	22.9%	27.5%	27.0%
Average rate +Fees	30.9%	45.1%	31.1%
NPLs (%) ⁽⁵⁾	2.89%	11.59%	6.46%
Distribution/ collection partners	720 employers with > 3.2 million employees	8 agreements with utilities companies, retailers and telecom companies with > 4.4 million clients	Local and international insurance companies and brokers
Source of payment / guarantee	Irrevocable authorization from employee to employer to deduct monthly loan installments from paycheck and wire them to CV	Monthly charges added to borrowers' utility bill, which is required to be paid in full	Irrevocable mandate to cancel coverage if unpaid installments. Insurance company reimburses CV for unused portion of policy



Source: Company filings.

(3) Number of clients includes only credit products

⁽¹⁾Figures converted at an FX rate of \$3,477.45 COP/USD as of October 1, 2019

⁽²⁾The remaining 0.3% of managed portfolio consists of \$4,321 mm in microfinance loans, a product that is being unwind since 2016.

⁽⁴⁾ Not including fees and commissions

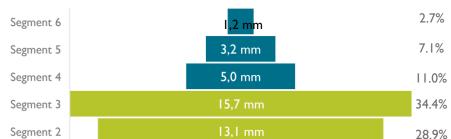
⁽⁵⁾ Includes NPLs between 60 and 360 days, as a percentage of total managed loan portfolio excluding NPL>360, as reported in financial statements as of September 2019 on note 7.2.3 NPL calculation considers principal only.

Competitive Advantage and Target Market

Traditional banks Branch network represents Customer approached on Commercial site by exclusively trained the largest channel for commercial activity and developed sales force Multiproduct portfolios / Specialized and customized cross selling **Product** products Collection and billing of credit card using utilities' infrastructure

Total population as of November 2018: 45.5 million

Potential client base = 79.2% of Colombia's population

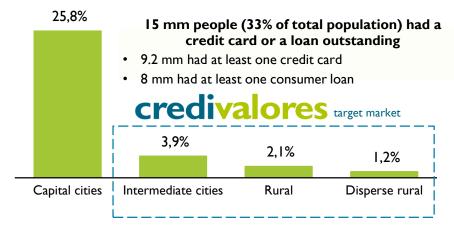


7,2 mm

Focus on less penetrated small and intermediate cities

Population with access to credit, % of total inhabitants (Dec. 2017)

Commercial banks



- Middle and high income segments
- Large average loan size
- Standard credit analysis

Market segment

Processes

- Limited presence in small and mid-size cities
- risk profile - Small and mid-size cities

Low and mid income

- Small average loan size

- Credit scoring according to

product nature and clients'

segments

- Complex internal process and slow response times
- Additional documents required for analysis
- Agile processes and response time
- Complimentary information from alliances



Segment I

15.9%

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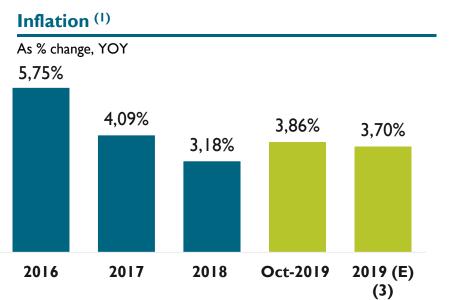
Recent Developments (3Q 2019)

Growth and Profitability	 Positive operational results and financial results in line with expectations: +11.3% (YoY) growth in total portfolio origination (+49.3% in payroll loans) Total NPLs at 5.85%, down from a 7.3% peak in March 2019 +11.1% (YoY) growth in Net Interest Income +6.6% (YoY) in Gross Financial Margin, still impacted by IFRS 9 adoption +18.8% (YoY) in Operating Income and -64.3% (YoY) in Net Income for the period
Improvements in Funding Profile	 Corporate transformation completed: from a Simplified Joint Stock Company to a Joint Stock Company. Access to the domestic capital market. Use of local secured syndicated loan (1) and portfolio transfers to BTG's mutual fund to fund payroll loan origination in 2019. Committed credit lines for COP\$273.8 Bn (US\$79 MM), 21% of them available to use in the next 12 months. Cash at hand of about US\$10 MM on a quarterly basis. Average life of total debt at 2.4 years (domestic at 1.8 years and international at 2.5 years) Foreign currency debt fully hedged with NDFs, cross currency swaps and options.
Improved Balance Sheet Position	 Equity/ assets ratio at 14.3% after COP\$12 Bn (US\$3.5 MM) capitalization. Leverage ratio (debt/ equity) at 4.5x. Covenant compliance as of September 2019, according to the Description of the Notes.
Loan Portfolio Quality	 Recovery of credit card origination (+39.8% QoQ) due to technological improvements in the origination and collection processes, including a new digital underwriting platform and a new agreement with a utility company (EnerPereira) adding more than 200,000 new clients to our potential client base for credit card reaching more than 3.2 million clients. Consolidation of leading competitive position in the payroll loan market increasing origination by 31% (QoQ) Improvements in vintage analysis across all products maintaining restrictive and

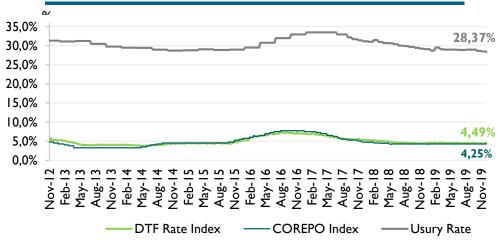
conservative underwriting policies.



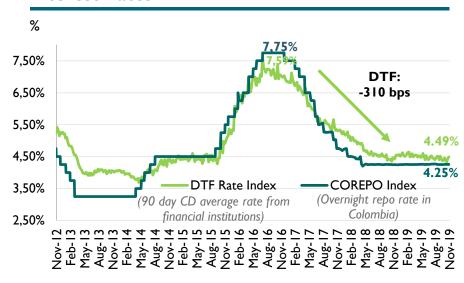
3Q 2019 Main Highlights - Macro Conditions







Interest Rates (1)



	2018	2019 (E)
DTF	4,54% ⁽¹⁾	4,62% ⁽³⁾
GDP Growth	2,7% (1)	2,9% ⁽³⁾

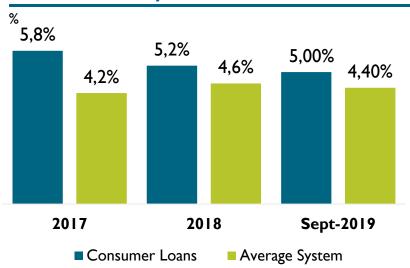
- Changes in calculation period of usury rate ⁽⁴⁾, starting on September 1st, 2017 from quarterly to monthly basis
- The calculation formula remained unchanged: 1.5 x the average lending interest rate (5)
- Since the adoption of this measure, usury rate has declined 460 bps
- (1) Central Bank- Banco de la República website www.banrep.gov.co
- (2) Colombian Superintendence of Finance.
- (3)Bancolombia. 3Q 2019 Update of Macroeconomic Projections (July 2019).
- (4)Cap rate applicable to all loans in Colombia, calculated by the Superintendence of Finance.
- (5)Average interest rate paid by the borrowers and certified by the Superintendence of Finance based on the interest rates from microloans, 🔉

consumer loans, small amount consumer loans. Those transactions not reflecting market conditions are excluded from the calculation.

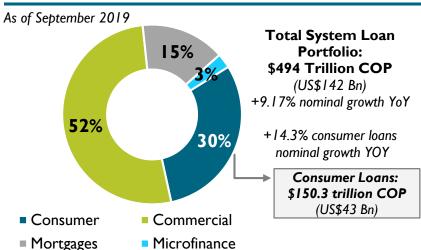


3Q 2019 Main Highlights - Macro Conditions

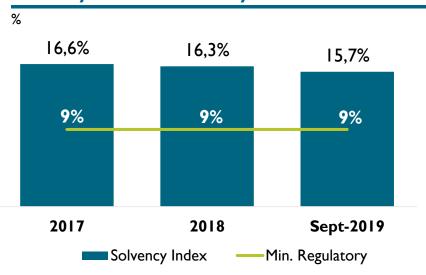
NPLs Financial System (1)



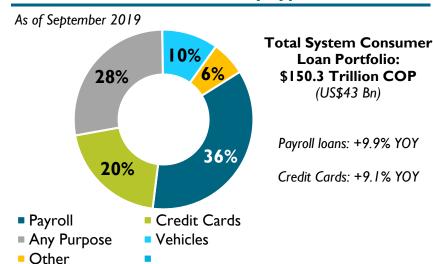
Financial System Loans Portfolio by Type (3)



Solvency Index Financial System (2)



Consumer Loans Portfolio by Type (3)





source.

(I) Colombian Superintendence of Finance. Including write-offs.

(2) Colombian Superintendence of Finance. Calculated as equity over weighted average assets.

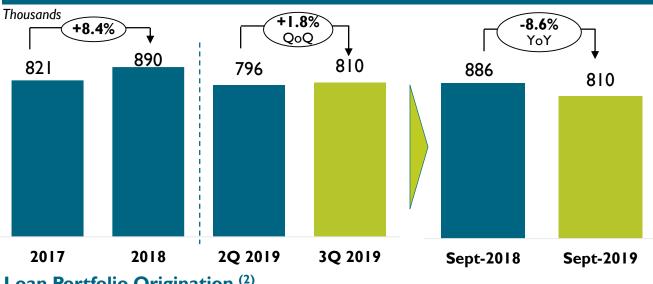
(3) Colombian Superintendence of Finance.

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Number of Clients (I)



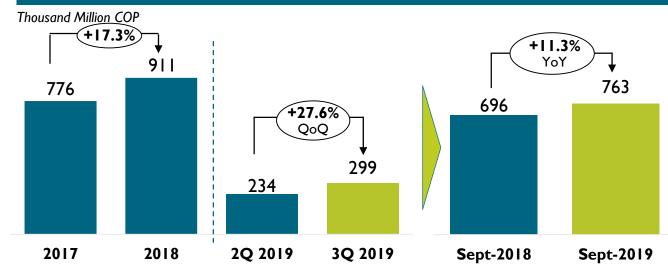
QoQ client results due to:

-1.0% in payroll loans +2.9% in credit cards -2.5% in insurance financing

-8.6% (YoY)

due to a decline in insurance financing (-27%) and credit card clients (-8.3%)

Loan Portfolio Origination (2)



QoQ disbursements results due to:

+30.6% in payroll loans +39.8% in credit cards -18.5% in insurance

financing

+11.3% (YoY)

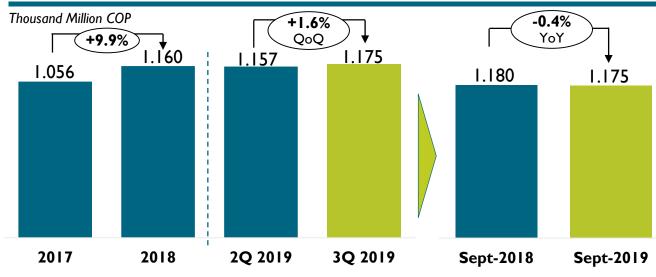
due to a 49% growth in payroll loans to offset restrictions in origination in credit card and insurance financing

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Totals rounded up.

(1) Including insurance clients.

Owned Loan Portfolio (1)



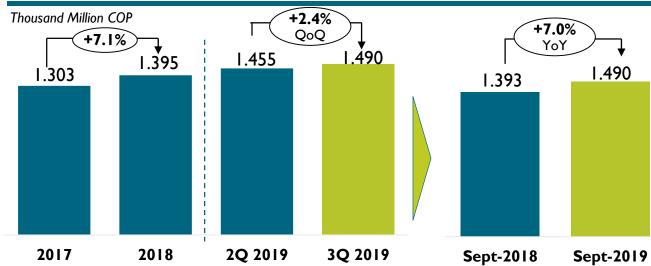
QoQ owned portfolio results due to:

- + 1.5% in payroll loans
- +3.9% in credit cards
- -11.7% in insurance financing

- 0.4% (YoY)

due to payroll loans portfolio sales and a decline in portfolio balance in credit cards and insurance financing

Managed Loan Portfolio (2)



QoQ managed portfolio results due to:

- +2.9% in payroll loans
- +3.9% in credit cards
- -11.7% in insurance financing

+ 7.0% (YoY)

due to portfolio growth in payroll loans (+19%) to offset decrease in credit cards and insurance financing

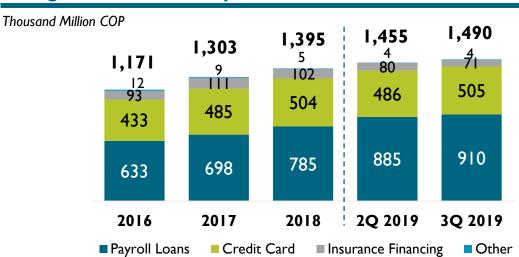
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Totals rounded up.

(I) Portfolio on balance and in free standing trusts.

(2) Owned portfolio plus portfolio sales.

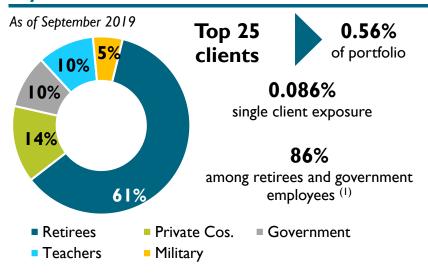
Managed Loan Portfolio by Product



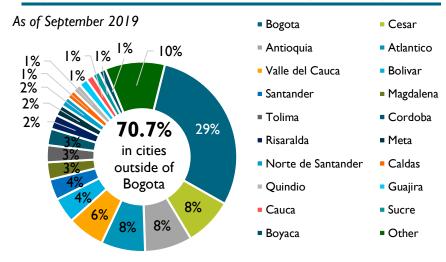
YoY payroll loans increased their participation within the total portfolio.

As of September 2019, the managed loan portfolio mix was the following: payroll loans (61.1%), credit cards (33.9%) and insurance premium financing (4.7%)

Payroll Loans Breakdown

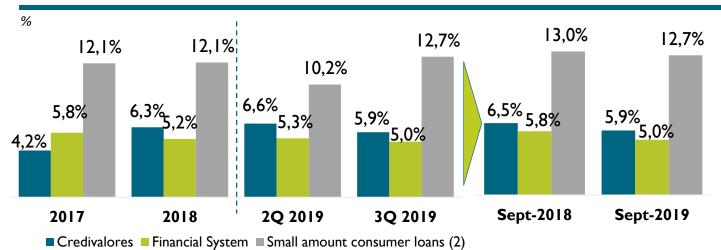


Payroll Loan Portfolio Breakdown by Geography





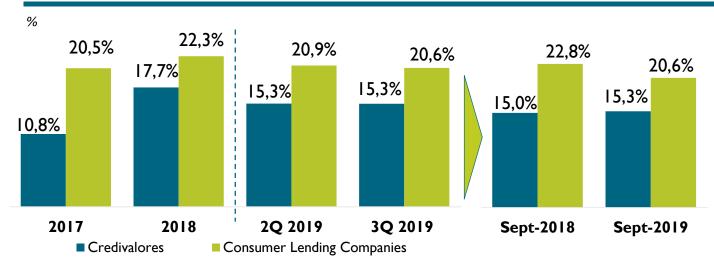
NPLs Consumer Loans (1)



NPLs under control and in a decreasing trend due to:

Effectiveness of measures implemented in 4Q 2018 and 1Q 2019 to control credit quality of the credit card business

NPLs Consumer Loans (Including Write-Offs) (3)



Credivalores' NPLs, including write-offs, remain below the average NPLs of consumer lending companies operating in similar products and market segments

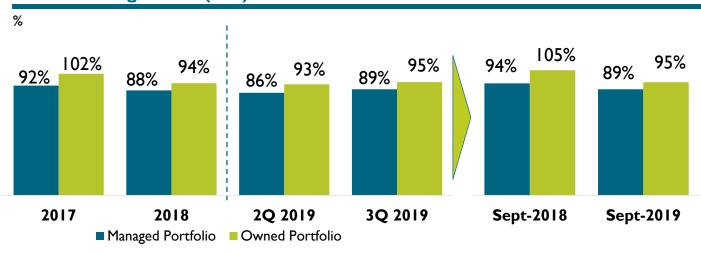
(1) Includes NPLs between 60 and 360 days, as a percentage of total managed loan portfolio excluding NPL>360, as reported in financial statements as of September 30, 2019 on note 7.2.3 NPL calculation considers principal only.

(2) Consumer loans of small amounts are defined by the Financial Superintendence as those consumer loans for up to 2 minimum wages (today about US\$478) and a maximum tenor of 36 months.

(3) Data from Consumer Lending Companies available as of July 2019. Given Credivalores' past policy of not writing off loans, we calculate the equivalent ratio of the financial system for comparative basis. The Company adopted IFRS 9 in 2018 and as a consequence the Company started to write-off past due loans.



NPLs Coverage Ratio (+60) (1)



NPLs Coverage Ratio decreased due to:

large increase in provisions in 1Q 2018 resulting from IFRS 9 adoption, which changed the provisions model (expected loss), and the gradual return to average historical levels of coverage ratio

Measures adopted to control NPLs in the Credit Cards Business

- ✓ Restrictive and conservative underwriting policies.
- ✓ Migration to direct billing under certain agreements with utility companies.
- ✓ Strengthening of the collections and risk areas and new management team to implement changes in collection.
- ✓ Development of new scoring models for new origination and for portfolio management to improve pricing strategy.
- √ Two new agreements with utility companies: Electrohuila (+360,000 new clients) and Enerpereira (+200,000 new clients), increasing the client base in the credit card business by 21% reaching 3.2 million potential clients.
- ✓ New digital underwriting platform for credit card and pre installed app in the cell phones financed (Huawei and Samsung) to improve collection.
- ✓ Inclusion of NPLs targets per product in the variable wage for regional and zonal managers of the sales force.



(1) Calculated as reserves (including impairments and FGA reserves) over NPLs of managed / owned loan portfolio. FGA (Fondo Nacional de Garantías de Antioquia) is an entity that acts as guarantor for loans of our clients. The cost of the guaranty is paid by the respective client. The amounts paid are held by a mercantile trust fund and are considered a reserve that we have established to protect our portfolio in case of deterioration of the loans granted.

Redesign and Digitalization of the Origination Process for Credit Cards



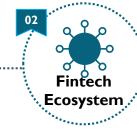
Credit Card Digital Origination

Commercial Channels Retails Employers Mobile Units

Telecom Cos Merchants Middlemen



Innovation



Agility and Efficiency



Step I

Profiling Feasibility confirmation in real time

Step 2

Data Collection -Georeferencing -Automatic validations

Step 3

Digital Signature -Digital and facial biometrics

-Dematerialized promissory notes Disbursement / **Credit Card** Issuance

Step 4

September 2019 (1):

100% digital origination platform for the credit card business



Productivity +45%

Origination Costs -37%

Response Time -47%

Clients Approved +109%



Redesign and Digitalization of the Origination Process for Payroll Loans

tucrédito cv Fintech **Agility and** 100% **Innovation Payroll Loans Renewals Ecosyste** digital **Efficiency Digital Origination Commercial Channels** Internal Step 2 Step 3 **Step I** Step 4 Sales Self-service **Authentication** Force Offer for Renewal **Push Strategy Disbursement** Text messages -Personalized offer for Client validates

sent to clients

under pension

funds agreements, including link to

digital site

September 2019:

payroll loan renewal

- No additional

documentation

required

identity with ID at

the digital site

Launching of a 100% digital platform for the renewal of payroll loans among certain agreements with pension funds

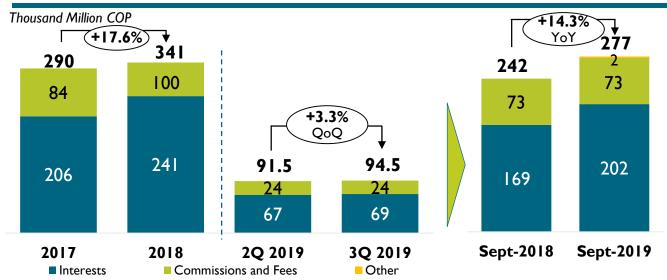


Call

Center

3Q 2019 Financial Results- Income Statement

Interest Income (I)



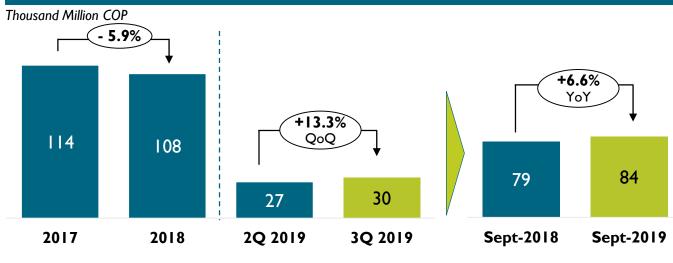
QoQ interest income results due to:

+2.4% in interests
-2.4% in commissions and fees

+ 14.3% (YoY)

due to a 20% increase in interest income

Gross Financial Margin



QoQ gross financial margin results due to:

- +3.3% in interests and fees +7.0% in financial cost
- -23.1% in net impairments

+6.6% (YoY)

due to higher net impairment expense (+59%) that offset the 21% increase in net interest income

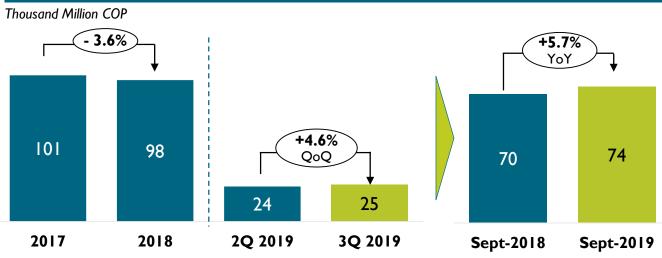


Source:

(I) As stated in the P&L of the Financial Statements as of September 30, 2019. See Note 24.

3Q 2019 Financial Results-Income Statement

SG&A- Other Expenses (I)



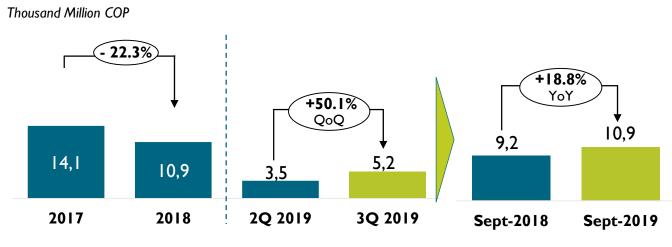
QoQ other expenses results due to:

- +2.7% in employees benefits
 - -9.2% in depreciation and amortization expenses
- +6.3% in legal, insurance and taxes expenses

+5.7% (YoY)

due to an increase in D&A, temporary services, fees and technical assistance expenses

Operating Income



QoQ operating income due to:

- +13.3% in gross financial margin
- +4.6% in other expenses

+18.8% (YoY)

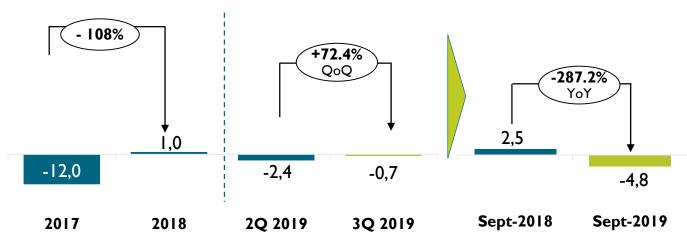
due to an increase in interest income from guarantees, writeoffs and payroll loan portfolio

sales

3Q 2019 Financial Results-Income Statement

Net Financial Income / Expenses (Non-Operating) (1)

Thousand Million COP

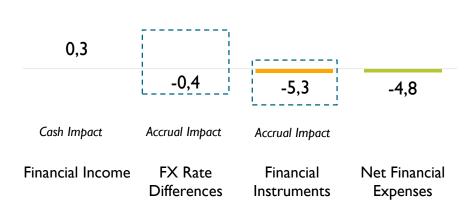


100% of principal of foreign currency debt, including the 9.75% USD\$325 million bond due 2022, hedged to COP.

However, non-operating financial expenses increased due to higher costs of transaction from payroll loan portfolio transfers

Net Financial Income / Expenses (Non-Operating) 9M 2019 (2)

Thousand Million COP



An 8% COP depreciation against USD (COP\$256 / USD) between June and September 2019 was mitigated in the P&L, due to the effectiveness of the hedging policy in place.

Nonetheless, higher transaction costs from payroll loan portfolio transferred to financing structures, registered as higher non-financial expenses for financial instruments, increased the non-recurring items net impact in the P&L during 3Q 2019

Source:

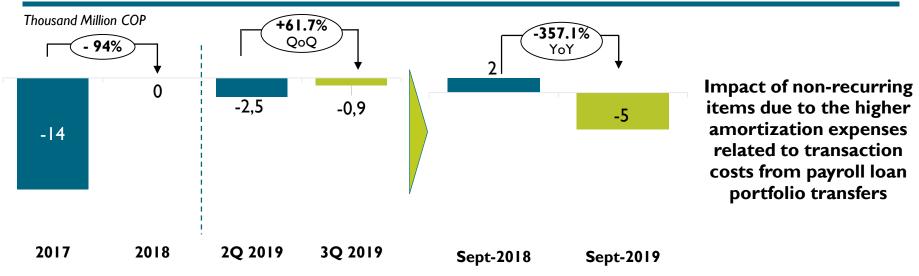
(1) Includes FX rate differences (income or expenses) arising from the hedging position on foreign currency debt and forward valuations (expenses/income).

(2) FX rate differences (income or expenses) arising from the hedging position on foreign currency debt and forward valuations (expenses/ 20 income).



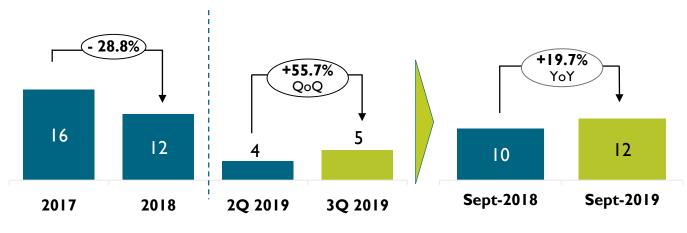
3Q 2019 Financial Results- Income Statement

Non-Recurring Items



Net Income Before Taxes and Non-Recurring Items

Thousand Million COP

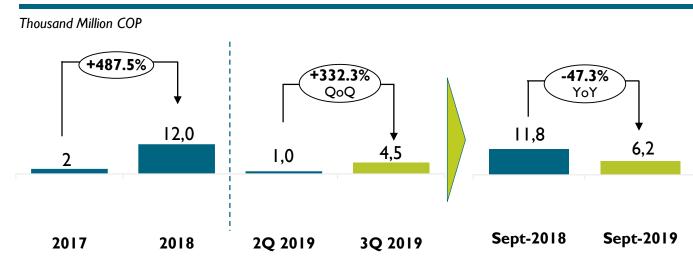


Net income before taxes and non-recurring items affected by higher amortization expenses from transaction costs related to payroll loan portfolio transfers



3Q 2019 Financial Results-Income Statement

Net Income Before Taxes



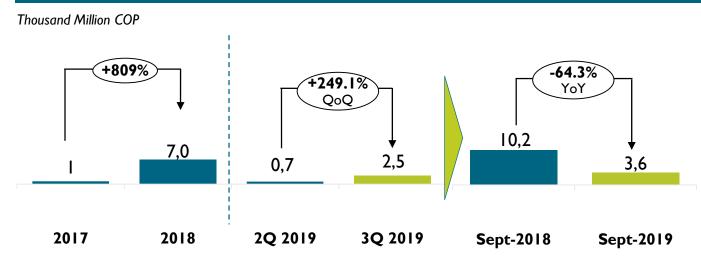
QoQ net income before taxes due to:

Improvements in operating income from higher interest income

-47.3% (YoY)

due to higher net impairment expenses and higher nonoperating net financial expenses

Net Income for the Period

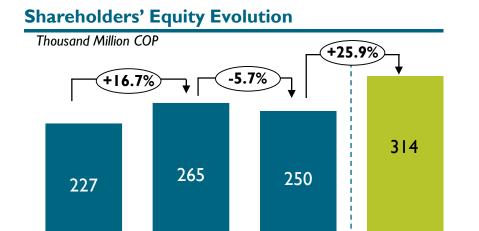


- 64.3% (YoY)

due to the impact of higher net impairment expenses in the operating income and higher nonrecurring items



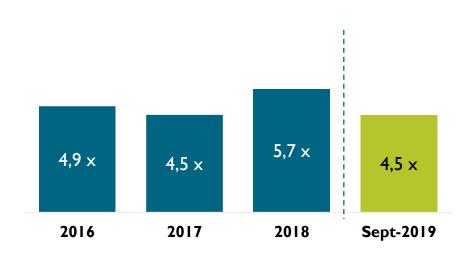
9M 2019 Financial Results- Balance Sheet



2018

Sept-2019

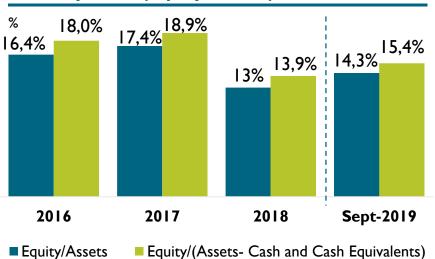
Leverage Ratio (Debt (1) /Equity)



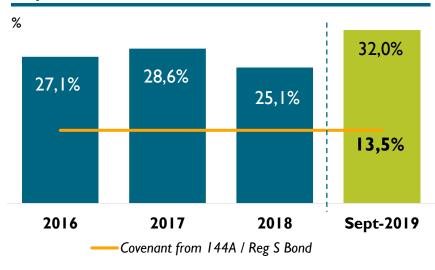
Solvency Ratio (Equity/ Assets)

2017

2016



Capitalization Ratio (2)





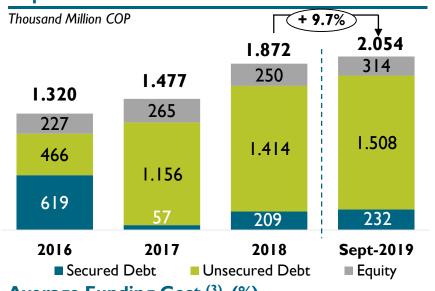
Source

(I) Calculated based on Financial Obligations net of transaction costs and Net Obligations under hedging obligations.

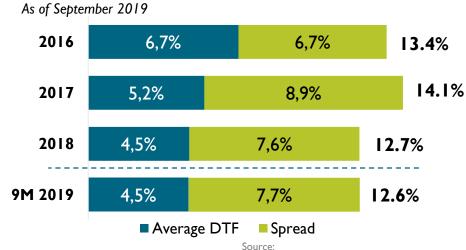
(2) Calculated as total shareholders' equity divided by net loan portfolio (defined as owned loan portfolio less impairment of financial assets and FGA reserve) (as defined under "Description of the Notes of the Offering Memorandum").

9M 2019 Financial Results- Balance Sheet

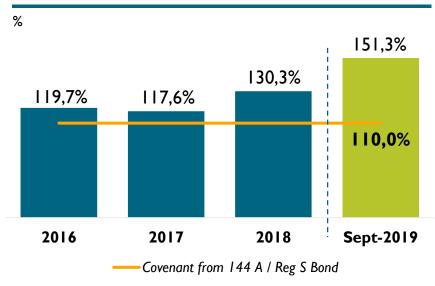




Average Funding Cost (3) (%)



Unencumbered Assets / Unsecured Debt (2)



- Cost of funding remains controlled due to:
- Higher participation of domestic debt with lower average interest rates than USD denominated debt.
- •Lower central bank's rate since 2018 and controlled inflation rate, resulted in a stable IBR rate during 2019 to maintain lower costs of funding in 2019.
- Lower cost of hedging through forwards given the COP depreciation against USD throughout 2019



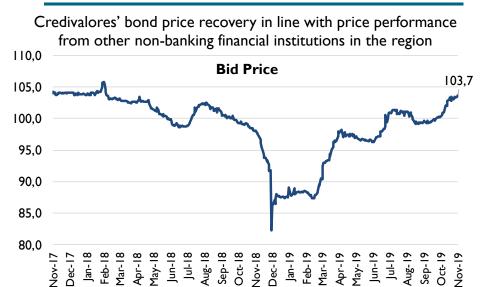
(1)Including the FX impact on secured and unsecured financial debt denominated in USD and expressed in COP.

(2)Unencumbered Assets defined as Total Assets less intangible assets, net deferred tax assets and any other assets securing other indebtedness. Unsecured Indebtedness, means any Indebtedness other than Secured Indebtedness, including Net Obligations under Hedging Obligations. 24 (3)Not including transaction costs and fees.

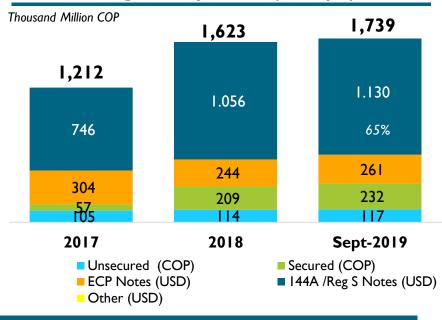


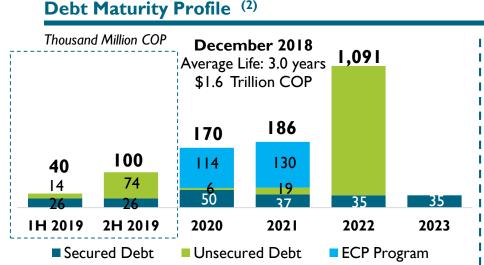
Debt Profile- September 2019

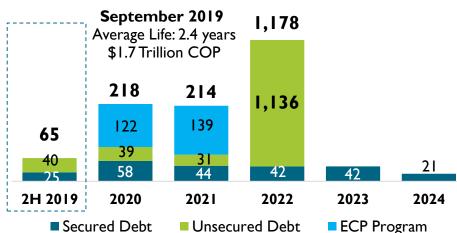




Financial Obligations by Source (Principal) (1)





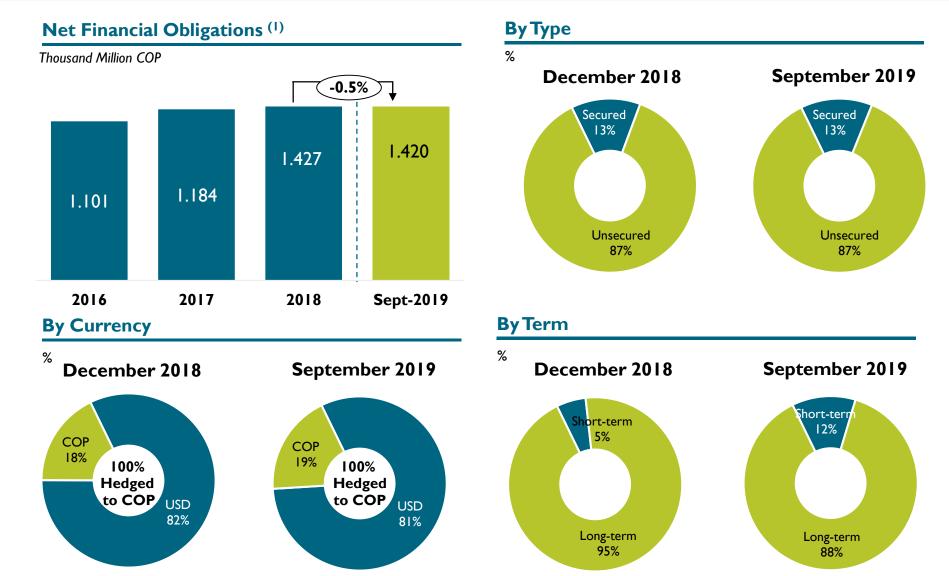






(2) Figures converted to US\$ using the FX rate of \$3,477,45 COP/USD as of October 1, 2019.

Financial Obligations- September 2019





Source:

⁽¹⁾ Net of transaction costs and Net Obligations under Hedging Obligations.

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Initiatives for Digital Innovation

CORE

SYSTEMS

FINITECT



100% digital (2019)

- ✓ Facial and touch biometrics
- ✓ 12 min credit card issuance
- ✓ Self-service payroll loans renewal (September-2019)



NEW CHANNELS Partnerships to improve origination

- ✓ Digital marketplace for our products
- ✓ Alliances with medium and small merchants



Omnichannel (2019)

Web-App for all products

- ✓ Consultations
- √ Transactions
- Marketing
- ✓ Value added for the client: personal finances
- Chat Bots in Social Media



Fintechs as Allies

- ✓ Alliances with existing Fintechs to speed up the learning curve and adopt best practices (app in financed mobiles with TIGO)
- ✓ Optimize the R&D process and get access to state of the art solutions for our clients



Closing Remarks

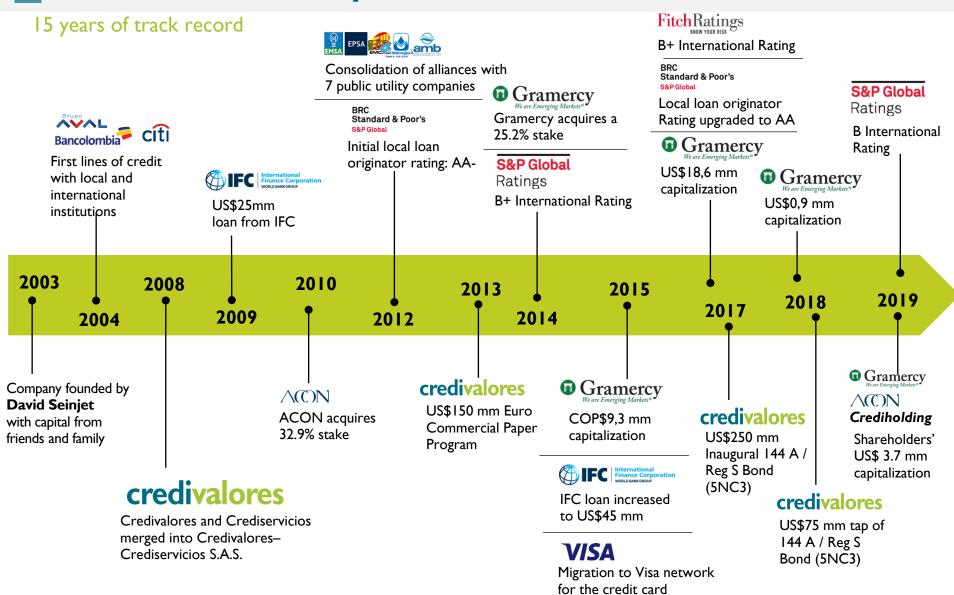
Risk Management	Increase in net impairment expense due to IFRS 9 adoption in 2018.
and Asset Quality	 Improvement in NPLs coverage ratio and NPLs in payroll loans and credit cards, resulting from technological developments in the origination and collection processes from digital platforms, while maintaining more restrictive and conservative underwriting policies.
	 I 00% of foreign currency debt hedged to pesos.
	 Funding sources available (\$273.8 BnCOP) to meet 2H2019 debt amortizations (\$65 BnCOP) related to local revolving lines and to fund growth.
Funding Sources, Macro	Structuring of a securitization of payroll loans for up to \$150 BnCOP (US\$43 MM) in the local capital market, expected to price within the next 3 months.
Environment and	 Average life of debt estimated to remain above 2.5 years to mitigate refinancing risks.
2019 Expectations	• More stable macro environment in Colombia for 2019 (3.3% GDP Growth, inflation +/-4% and stable political environment) and growth expectation for consumer lending (+8%).
	• Positive business environment in 2019 in Colombia with private spending leading GDP growth and consumer lending growing at 14.3% (YoY).
	• New agreements with utility companies (Electrohuila and EnerPereira) increasing the client base for credit cards by 21% and geographical expansion to new regions with no previous presence (Valledupar, Antioquia, Florencia, Popayán and Manizales).
	• New commercial channels with an increased participation in total origination:
Development of	-Telephone sales: from 1% in 1Q 2019 to 10% in Oct-2019, -39% in cost /million.
new origination channels	-Mobile units: from 8% in 1Q 2019 to 16% in Oct-2019, alternative channel for credit card origination in rural and disperse areas.
	-Digital payroll loan renewal: 1% in Oct-2019, expectation of quick adoption from clients.

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Credivalores History





Shareholders' Structure

Simplified ownership structure

(as of September 30, 2019)

Crediholdings SAS Seinjet Family





34.24%

36.43%

24.11%

credivalores

5.22%

Treasury shares

Key Shareholders

Crediholdings (Seinjet family) 34.15%

- √ Founding family
- ✓ Involved in the sugar business since 1944 (Ingenio La Cabaña)

⊕ Gramercy

(US\$5.8bn AUM)

36.36%

- √ Asset manager focused on investments in emerging markets
- ✓ High yield and performing credit, equity, private equity and special situation investments
- ✓ Shareholders of Credivalores since 2014 through its private equity investments arm

 $\triangle N$

(US\$5.3bn AUM)

24.04%

✓ Private equity Firm focused on middle-market investments in Latam, including:



Mexico

Home organization and houseware products



Colombia
Waste Management



<u>AMFORAPACKAGING</u>

Colombia and Peru
Rigid plastic packaging for cosmetics and
personal care

√ Shareholders of Credivalores since 2010



Highly Experienced Management Team

Principal Officers

David Seinjet Chief Executive Officer

- Founder and President of Credivalores
- Chairman at Grupo la Cabaña
- Bachelor of Business Administration from Bentley College and EMBA from Universidad ICESI. More than 20 years of experience in managing and providing strategic direction to companies in the real state and financial sectors.

Hector Chaves Chief Financial Officer

- Economist from Universidad Externado and Finance Specialist from Universidad de los Andes with more than 20 years of experience in the banking and financial sector in Colombia as CFO and CRO, leader of strategic committee and Board member.
- He previously worked at senior positions at BCSC, Helm Bank and Bogota Stock Exchange

Jose Luis Alarcon **Chief Innovation Officer**

- Engineer in Economics and Financial Science from Escuela Politécnica Nacional in Ecuador, Master in Banking Management and Master in Applied Statistics from Universidad de Alicante and Carlos II de Madrid with more than 15 years of experience in banking.
- He previously worked as Business Intelligence Manager, Risk Manager and Statistics and Studies Manager at Unibanco and MF Advisors with operations in Ecuador, Peru and Guatemala.

Patricia Moreno

Chief Funding and Investor Relations Officer

- Bachelor in Finance and International Relations from Universidad Externado, Capital Markets Specialist from Universidad Sabana and Executive MBA from Universidad de los Andes with more than 15 years of experience in debt capital markets and corporate finance in the corporate and financial sectors.
- She previously worked as Head of Funding and Investor Relations at Codensa and Emgesa (Enel Group Companies), Fixed Income Manager at Citibank and Deputy Director of External Funding at the Ministry of Finance and Public Credit.

Principal Officers

Juan Camilo Mesa Chief Risk Officer

- Engineer from Escuela de Ingeniería de Antioquia, Economist Specialist from Universidad de los Andes and Master of Science in Risk Management from NYU with more than 10 years experience developing and executing credit, market and operational risk models.
- He previously worked as Head of Credit Risk and CRO at Tuya S.A., a leading credit card business in Colombia focused in low and middle income population.

Marcela Caicedo **Chief Operations** Officer

- Industrial Engineer from Universidad Javeriana and Six Sigma Green Belt with more than 20 years of experience in banking and operations administration as manager of operational and IT areas, leader of restructuring and M&A processes and expert on managing massive and individual channels for clients.
- She previously worked in senior positions at Protección, ING and Banco Colpatria.

Juan Guillermo Barrera Chief Commercial

Officer

- Bachelor of Business Administration from Universidad EAFIT, Economist Specialist from Universidad de los Andes and Executive MBA from IE with more than 22 years of experience in the financial, treasury, capital markets, private banking and corporate sectors.
- He previously worked in senior positions at Grupo Bancolombia, Valores Bancolombia, Capicol and Puntos Colombia.



Stable Regulatory Framework for Payroll Lending

	Colombia	Mexico	Brazil
Country rating	■ BBB- / BBB / Baa2	■ BBB+ / BBB+/ A3	■ BB- / BB- / Ba2
Level of regulation	 High Law No.1527 of 2012 (Payroll Loans Law) Max. interest rate (usury rate) 	■ Low	■ Medium
Main clients	Government sector, Private corporations and pensioners	Government sector and pensioners	Government sector and pensioners
Origination	 Per regulation, free access to all employers without the need of intermediaries or unions 	Unions are relevant for the loan origination process	Through third parties (distributors)
Operating costs	Lower (no need for distributors or intermediaries)	Higher (distributors are required to reach the unions)	Commission is paid to distributors
Maximum tenor offered	■ 140 months	■ 60 months	■ 96 months
Interest rates	■ Controlled for everyone	Unrestricted	■ Controlled for pensioners
Limit to client's indebtedness	Yes, maximum 50% of the client's net wage	■ No	■ Yes
Players	Banks, cooperatives and non- bank originators	Government agencies, banks and non bank originators	Financial institutions, pension funds and insurance companies



Income statement

	As of September 30,			As of December 31	
Million COP	2019	2019	2018 (restated)	2018	2018
	(Million US\$) ⁽¹⁾	(Million COP)		(Million US\$) ⁽¹⁾	(Million COP)
Income Statement Data:					
Interest income and similar	79.7	277,135	242,360	98.0	340,948
Financial costs (interest)	(41.9)	(145,686)	(133,771)	(46.3)	(160,957)
Net interest and similar	38.0	131,449	108,589	51.9	179,991
Impairment of financial assets loan portfolio	(13.6)	(47,403)	(29,754)	(13.6)	(47,432)
Loan portfolio impairment recoveries	-	_	_	-	_
Impairment of other accounts receivable	-			(1.8)	(6,114)
Gross Financial Margin	24.2	84,046	78,835	36.4	126,445
Other income	0.3	1,166	646	0.3	908
SG&A					
Employee benefits	(3.5)	(12,103)	(13,687)	(5.1)	(17,623)
Expense for depreciation and amortization	(1.4)	(5,041)	(4,634)	(2.1)	(7,409)
Other	(16.4)	(57,127)	(51,949)	(20.9)	(72,607)
Total Other Expenses	(21.4)	(74,271)	(70,270)	(28.1)	(97,639)
Operating Income	3.1	10,941	8,565	8.3	28,806
Financial income					
Exchange Rate Differences	0.01	(42)	8,274	2.5	8,638
Financial Instruments	-	-	_	-	-
Financial income and Other Income Recovery	0.1	624	448	0.1	2,524
Total financial income	0.17	582	8,722	2.7	11,162
Financial Expense					
Exchange Rate Differences	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Instruments	(1.5)	(5,335)	(6,183)	(8.3)	(28,943)
Total financial expense	(1.5)	(5,335)	(6,183)	(8.3)	(28,943)
Net Financial Income (Costs)	(1.4)	(4,753)	2,539	(5.1)	(17,781)
Net income before income tax	1.8	6,188	11,750	3.4	11,933
Income tax	(0.7)	(2,554)	(1,582)	(1.3)	(4,581)
Net income for the period	1.0	3,633	10,167	2.1	7,352



⁽I) Solely for the convenience of the reader, Colombian peso amounts have been translated into U.S. dollars at the FX rate as of October I, 2019 of \$3,477.45 COP/USD

Balance Sheet

	As of September 30,		As of December 31		
Million COP	2019	2019	2018	2018	2017 Restated
	(US\$ Million) ⁽¹⁾	(Million COP)	(US\$ Million) ^(I)	(Milli	ion COP)
Balance Sheet Data					
Cash and cash equivalents	43.0	149,436	56.1	195,085	121,948
Total financial assets at fair value	102.9	357,338	58.3	202,857	39,025
Total loan portfolio, net	337.8	1,174,755	328.6	1,142,524	1,052,671
Consumer loans	389.0	1,352,702	373.7	1,299,476	1,166,501
Microcredit loans	1.7	5,923	1.9	6,461	14,250
Impairment	(52.9)	(183,870)	(47.0)	(163,413)	(128,080)
Accounts receivable, net	113.4	394,398	95.1	330,651	183,511
Total financial assets at amortized cost	451.2	1,569,153	423.6	1,473,175	1,236,182
Investments in associates and affiliates	3.2	11,093	3.0	10,366	37,485
Current tax assets	4.7	16,215	3.5	12,059	8,191
Deferred tax assets, net	4.0	13,935	4.2	14,433	13,042
Property and equipment, net	0.4	1,282	0.2	788	913
Intangible assets other than goodwill, net	21.5	74,667	22.4	77,642	62,862
Total assets	630.7	2,193,119	571.2	1,986,378	1,519,648
Derivative instruments	14.5	50,545	7.7	26,762	17,686
Financial obligations	487.4	1,695,062	451.8	1,564,108	1,167,146
Employee benefits	0.4	1,351	0.3	1,096	1,154
Other provisions	0.3	896	0.1	343	302
Accounts payable	19.5	67,691	27.6	95,897	60,444
Current tax liabilities	0.8	2,948	0.6	2,197	1,100
Other liabilities	17.3	60,227	13.3	46,298	6,983
Total liabilities	540.3	1,878,720	499.4	1,736,701	1,254,815
Shareholders equity	90.4	314,399	71.8	249,677	264,833
Total liabilities and equity	630.7	2,193,119	571.2	1,986,378	1,519,648



9.75% US\$250 million Bond due July, 2022

Issuer	Credivalores- Crediservicios S.A.S.	
Ranking	Senior Unsecured	
Credit Rating	B+ (S&P) / B+ (Fitch)	
Format	144 A / Regulation S	
Principal	US\$250 million	
Structure / Maturity	5NC3 / July 27, 2022	
Coupon	9.75% (30/360) / Semi-annual	
Yield / Price	10% / 99.035	
Optional Redemption	Make Whole T + 50bps prior to July 27, 2020 \$104.875 on and after July 27, 2020 \$102.438 on and after July 27, 2021	
Use of Proceeds	Refinancing of existing indebtedness (including mostly secured debt) and general corporate purposes	
Minimum Denomination	US\$200,000 x US\$1,000	
Settlement Date	July 27, 2017	
Listing	Singapore Stock Exchange	
Governing Law	New York	
Joint Bookrunners	Credit Suisse and BCP Securities	
Paying agent and Trustee	The Bank of New York	
ISIN	144 A US22555LAA44 Reg S USP32086AL73	
CUSIP	144A 22555L AA4 Reg S P32086 AL7	



9.75% US\$75 million retap due July, 2022

Issuer	Credivalores- Crediservicios S.A.S.		
Ranking	Senior Unsecured		
Credit Rating	B+ (S&P) / B+ (Fitch)		
Format	Regulation S		
Original Principal	US\$250 million		
Retap Amount	US\$75 million		
New Principal Outstanding	US\$325 million		
Structure / Maturity	5NC3 / July 27, 2022		
Coupon	9.75% (30/360) / Semi-annual		
Yield / Price	8.625% / 104,079%		
Optional Redemption	Make Whole T + 50bps prior to July 27, 2020 104.875% on and after July 27, 2020 102.438% on and after July 27, 2021		
Use of Proceeds	Refinancing of existing indebtedness and general corporat purposes		
Minimum Denomination	US\$200.000 x US\$1.000		
Settlement Date	February 14, 2018		
Listing	Singapore Stock Exchange		
Governing Law	New York		
Initial Purchaser	BCP Securities		
Paying agent and Trustee	The Bank of New York		
ISIN	Reg S (reop) USP32086AN30		
CUSIP	Reg S (reop) P32086 AN3		



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https://credivalores.com.co/InvestorRelations

